## **Quality Improvement vs Research Determination Checklist**



**Trinity Health – Michigan**Research Compliance Department

Project Title:		
Project Leader:	Department:	Institution:

This table is intended to provide a means to self-declare whether a project meets the definition of quality improvement (QI) or clinical research activities. For each attribute, make only ONE selection in the column to which the project most likely relates - QI or Research. Indicate N/A for those sections that do not apply.

Attribute	Quality Improvement	Research with Human Participants
	Described the material and account of a constitution of	I despite a secretario deficir in acionale los consultados francis de la consultada de la c
Intent and	Describes the nature and severity of a specific performance gap	Identifies a specific deficit in scientific knowledge from the literature
Background	Focus is to improve a specific aspect of health or health care	Proposes to address or identify specific hypotheses in order to develop new
	delivery that is currently NOT consistently and appropriately	knowledge or advance existing knowledge
	being implemented at this site (may be as a result of HCAHPS,	
	Culture of Safety, Engagement Surveys)	□ w/s
	N/A	N/A
Methods	Mechanisms of the intervention are expected to change over	Specific protocol defines the intervention, interaction and use of collected data and
	time (i.e., an iterative in nature) in response to ongoing	tissues, plus project may rely on the randomization of individuals to enhance
	feedback; adjustments made as one progresses through the	confidence in differences
	process to refine	
	Plan for intervention and analysis includes an assessment of the	May use qualitative and quantitative methods to make observations, make
	system (i.e., process flow diagram, fishbone, etc.)	comparisons between groups to answer the hypotheses
	Statistical methods evaluate system level processes and	Statistical methods primarily compare differences between groups or correlate
	outcomes over time with statistical process control or other	observed differences with a known health condition
	methods	
	□ N/A	□ N/A
Intended	Intervention would be considered within the usual division	Intervention interaction or use of identifiable private information or specimens
	Intervention would be considered within the usual clinician-	Intervention, interaction, or use of identifiable private information or specimens
Benefit	patient therapeutic relationship	occurs outside the clinician-patient therapeutic relationship
	Direct benefit to participants is indicated (e.g., for the decrease	Direct benefit to each individual participant or for the institution is not typically the
	in risk by creating a safer institutional system)	intent or is not certain.
	Potential local institutional benefit is indicated (e.g., increased efficiency or decreased cost)	<ul> <li>Potential societal benefit in developing new or advancing existing generalizable knowledge</li> </ul>
	N/A	N/A
	IVA	L N/A
Risk	Risk is to the privacy or the confidentiality of health information	Risk may be minimal, but may include physical, psychological, emotional, social, or
	[as it relates to the responsibilities of being a covered entity	financial risks, as well as risk to privacy or the confidentiality of health information
	(Health care system)]	from participation in the project
	Risk may be described as higher for patients if the institution or	Informed consent describes the risks to participants, who individually and voluntarily
	group/staff does nothing	decide whether to participate (consent could also be optional, such as with exempt
	│	research, or could be waived by the IRB) N/A

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Attribute	Quality Improvement	Research with Human Participants
Applicability of Results	Implementation is immediate so that review of results occurs throughout the process and may be used for next QI activity	Results and analysis may be delayed or periodic throughout the duration of the project, except to protect patient safety. The results will primarily be used to inform further investigation
	<ul><li>Extrapolation of results to other settings is possible, but not the main intent of the activity</li><li>N/A</li></ul>	<ul><li>Results are intended to generalize beyond the institution and to a specific study population</li><li>N/A</li></ul>

## Interpretation

- If ALL marks are in the QI column, RETAIN THIS COMPLETED ASSESSMENT in your project files. No submission to the IRB is required.
- If any marks are in the research column, you must submit an IRB Application with the required documents BEFORE any data collection work commences.

  IRB review cannot occur once the data has been collected or analyzed for the purposes of research.
- If an activity such as public health practice, program evaluation, or quality improvement *includes a research component*, then IRB review should occur prior to research conduct.

## **Explanation and Elaboration of Terms**

- 1. **Vulnerable Population:** Generally, a population that includes students, employees, children, prisoners, active military personnel, individuals who have diminished decision making capacity, those who are educationally or economically disadvantaged or others likely to be vulnerable to undue influence and/or coercion.
- 2. **Intent:** The state of the investigator's mind that directs the activity.
- 3. **Quality Improvement:** The combined and unceasing efforts of many health care professionals, patients and their families, administrators, payers, planners, educators to make changes that will lead to better patient outcomes, better system performance, and better professional development.
- 4. Research: A systematic investigation including research development, testing, and evaluation, designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. A human participant means a living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research:
   (i) Obtains information or biospecimens through intervention or interaction with the individual, and uses, studies, or analyzes the information or biospecimens; OR
  - (ii) Obtains, uses, studies, analyzes, or generates identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens (Common Rule definition of research).
- 5. **Project Proposal** must <u>not</u> contain any terminology relating to research (i.e., investigator, investigation, research, study, testing, etc.)

Evaluator:			
	Typed or Printed Name	Signature & Date	
Faculty/Supervisor:			
	Typed or Printed Name	Signature & Date	